

1. General

1. Scope

This specification covers the construction and properties of 50/125 um Multimode (Graded-index, OM3), anti-rodent self-supporting (ARSS), single jacket, single armor, dry core loose tube fiber optic cable for aerial application.

2. Quality Assurance

Furukawa takes pride in being an industry leader recognized for producing a quality product. To ensure a continuing level of quality in production cables, a consistent quality system with ISO 9001 "Quality Management System" and ISO 14001 "Environment Management System" are provided for all optical fiber and fiber optic cables.

The adequacy of all materials is assured through incoming inspection, source inspection, or vendor certified data. Fiber is measured and classified before being placed into inventory, and then selected from inventory to satisfy customer order requirements. Inspection of cable construction characteristics is the responsibility of the employees producing the product. All cables are tested for compliance to customer specified transmission requirements in Final Test. Adequacy of this quality control system is assured through product and process audits conducted by the internal quality improvement organization.

Furukawa is supported by standards such as

- Electronic Industries Association (EIA)
- Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA)
- International Telecommunications Union (ITU)
- International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)
- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

All of optical fiber cable element should comply with RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC and its amendment directives with the Laboratory that fully comply with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025-05, The Basic Rules, IECEE 01: 2008-11 and Rules of Procedure IECEE 02: 2008-10, and the relevant IECEE CB-Scheme Operational Documents.

1.3 General Fiber Optic Cable Characteristics

High quality optical fibers made with pure silica-based glass have very low loss for infrared wavelengths and can be used to carry large amounts of information for very long distances in optical communication systems. High fiber strength is obtained by protecting the surface of the glass fiber with thin coating layers of polymeric materials.

The coated Fibers are then placed in cable structures having additional layers to protect the fiber during the rigors of outside plant installation and to provide long term reliable operation in the outside plant environment. The design philosophy in meeting these objectives is to provide high quality, rugged, well-tested fiber optic cables, which are compact and have a high strength-to-weight ratio. Compact fiber optic cables are easier to handle and install in the field and provide longer length for field installation.

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2. Optical Fiber Requirements

Furukawa 50/125 μ m fiber is a graded index multimode optical fiber with a 50 μ m core diameter and a 125 μ m cladding diameter. Furukawa 50/125 fiber is specified for operation at the 850 nm and/or 1300 nm wavelengths

Furukawa Fibers feature a dual UV curable acrylate coating system, which provides unparalleled performance in a wide range of environmental conditions. The advantages of this coating structure are excellent resistance to micro-bending induced losses, superior hydrolytic stability and long term preservations of color code integrity. The coating is easily strippable using mechanical methods.

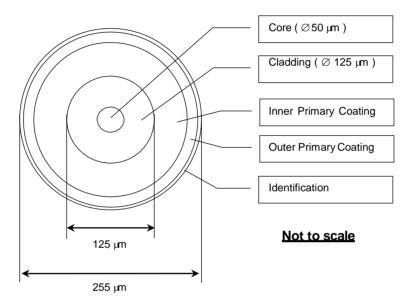


Fig. 1 Cross Section View of Multimode Fiber (50/125, Graded-index)

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Table 1. Multimode Fiber (50/125, Graded-index, OM3) Characteristics

Fiber attributes		
Item Description		
Refractive Index Profile	Graded Index	
Coating	Dual layer UV-Cured Acrylate Coat	
Core Diameter	50 ± 2.5 μm	
Group refractive index *	1.483 @ 850 nm	
Cladding Diameter	1.479 @1300 nm 125 ± 1 μm	
Core Non-Circularity	≤ 5 %	
Cladding Non-Circularity	≤ 1 %	
Coating Diameter	245 ± 5 μm	
Colored Fiber Diameter	255 ± 10 μm	
Core/Cladding Concentricity error	≤ 1.5 µm	
Coating Non-Circularity	≤ 5 %	
Coating/Cladding Concentricity error	≤ 6 μm	
Proof test stress	100 kpsi (0.69 Gpa)	
Zero-Dispersion Wavelength	Between 1297 and 1316 nm	
Zero-Dispersion Slope	≤ 0.101 ps/(nm².km)	
Numerical Aperture (NA)	0.200 ± 0.015	
850 nm Laser bandwidth (MHz.km)	2000	
Bandwidth	≥ 1500 MHz.km @ 850 nm ≥ 500 MHz.km @ 1300 nm	
Bending Loss (100 turns, D=75 mm)	≤ 0.5 dB @ 850 & 1300 nm	
Coating Strip Force (@ 0 °C to +45 °C)	3.0 N (mean) 2.2 N ≤ F ≤ 4.4 N	
Cable attributes		
Item	Description	
Attenuation Coefficient (cable)	Max. 2.7 dB/km, Typ. 2.3 dB/km @ 850 nm Max. 0.8 dB/km, Typ. 0.6 dB/km @ 1300 nm	
Attenuation at 1380 nm minus attenuation at 1300 nm	≤ 1.5 dB/km	
Attenuation Uniformity / Point Discontinuities, 850 & 1300 nm	≤ 0.1 dB	

^{*} Optical time domain reflectometers (OTDRs) require the setting of the fiber's group refractive index in order to calculate and display distance. The above is a group refractive index values for OTDR settings.

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3. Cable Core / Cable Characteristics and Construction
These core/cable combinations are described in detail below.

Table 2. Constructions of anti-rodent self-supporting (ARSS), single jacket, single armor, dry core loose tube fiber optic cable.

Item		Description	
		Up to 30 Fibers	36 – 60 Fibers
Optical Fiber	Construction	Table 1	
Filling Compound	Material	Thixotropic Jelly Compound	
Loose Tube	Material	(PBT) Polybutylene Terephthalate with color code	
	Fiber per Tube	Max. 6	Max. 12
	Number	1 – 5	3 – 5
	Assembly	Fibers are brought together and placed in the	
Filler Rod	Material	Polyethylene, natural color	
	Number	0 – 1	0 – 2
Stranding	Method	Reverse oscillating lay (ROL) technique (SZ Direction)	
Central Strength Member	Material	FRP (Fiberglass Reinforce with Plastic)	
Water Blocking Element	Material	Suitable Water Swellable Materials (Dry-Core Technology)	
Core Covering	Material	Water Blocking tape The tape shall be wrapped longitudinally over the cable co	
	Assembly		
Additional Strength	Material	Aramid yarns (If necessary)	
Member	Number	The quantity of additional strength member shall be selected minimize cable cost while meeting the performance requirement of the cable applications	
Ripcord	Material	Aramid	
Armoring	Material	Corrugated steel tape coated with polymer	
	Thickness	Steel Tape : Nominal 0.15 mm Polymer : Nominal 0.05 mm	
Sheath	Material UV-Proof Black High Density Polyethylene		Pensity Polyethylene
	Thickness	Normainal 1.4mm	
Overall Diameter (Approx.) mm.		11.5	12.0
Cable Weight (Approx.) kg	g/km	110	125
Structure		Fig. 3	

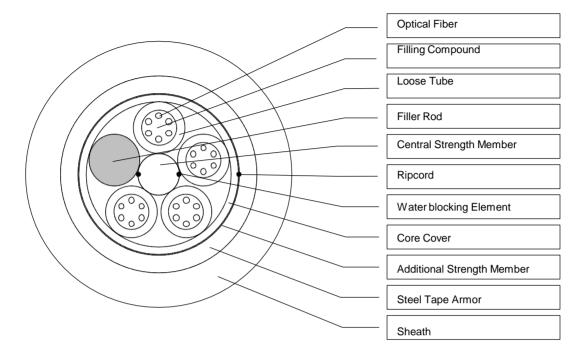
Note:

- The thickness of the thinnest point shall not be measured at the groove of the ripcord.
- Manufacturer may use additional suitable tape(s), thread(s) or dielectric elements into suitable place in the cable for manufacturer's reason.

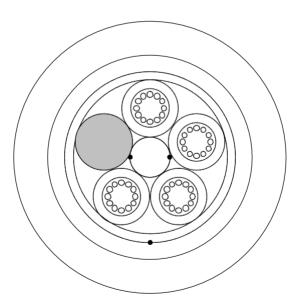
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24 Fibers



48 Fibers



Not to scale

Fig. 3 Cross-section view for anti-rodent self-supporting (ARSS), single jacket, single armor, dry core loose tube fiber optic cable.

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T-LI- 0 TIM/EIM FOO M	\	and Loose tube Identification
1 2 N D 3 1 1 D / E I D - 5 U X - L	S COLOR COMP FOR FINAL S	na i ace i ine identification

No.	Fibers Identification	Loose Tube Identification
1	Blue	Blue
2	Orange	Orange
3	Green	Green
4	Brown	Brown
5	Slate	Slate
6	White	-
7	Red	-
8	Black	-
9	Yellow	-
10	Violet	-
11	Rose	-
12	Aqua	-

Note: - All fibers and tube used in our cables are color code to facilitate individual identification. Unless otherwise specified, all cables employ the standard industry color code system in accordance with the Munsell color shades as specified in EIA/TIA-359 and EIA/TIA-598A (Rose and Aqua color recommended standard TIA/EIA-598-B), Color Coding of Fiber Optic Cables. Anyway, the color code can be changed by customer's request.

- Unless otherwise requested by the customer, all cable jackets are black.

Table 4. Mechanical Specification of the cable

It	em	Specification
Maximum Span Length		40 m
Minimum installation Sa	g	0.5% of Maximum Span Length
Worst case loading condition (Short-term)	Wind Velocity	100 km/hr
	Temperature	25 °C
Relative humidity		Up to 90%, no frost
Temperature Range	Installation	32 °C
		0 to 60 °C
	Operation	-40 to 70 °C
	Storage/Shipping	-40 to 70 °C
Maximum allowable pul	ing tension	1,500 N
Minimum bending Radius	During Installation Or handling	20 x External Diameter of Cable
	During Service Or fixed	15 x External Diameter of Cable

Note: At the maximum allowable pulling tension, fiber will not be subjected to a tension to get the strain higher than 0.33% or 1/3 of fiber proof test.

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4. Mechanical and Environmental Test Requirements.
This section covers the mechanical and environmental test for the cable.

Table 5 Mechanical, Environmental Test Requirements for the cables

Item	Spec	Method
Torsion Test	Maximum attenuation change ≤ 0.10dB	TIA/EIA-455-85A or IEC-60794-1-2-E7
	at 1550 nm. No cable jacket cracking or	Test sample; 2 m Maximum
	splitting.	Load; per table 2, EIA-455-85A
		Rotation; ± 180 degree, 10 cycles
Tensile	Maximum attenuation change ≤ 0.05dB	IEC-60794-1-2-E1A
Performance Test	at 1550 nm and no fiber strain more than	Test sample; 25 m Minimum
	1/3 of fiber proof test (0.33%).	Sheave Dia.; 480 mm (Universal)
		Load; maximum rated tensile load
		Duration; 1 hour
Impact Test	Maximum attenuation change ≤ 0.10dB	TIA/EIA-455-25B or IEC-60794-1-2-E4
	at 1550 nm.	Starting Energy; depend on cable diameter, per
		Table 1 EIA/TIA-455-25B
		Number Impact; 25
		Hammer Head Radius; 10 mm
	10.40.15	Test sample; Approx. 20 m
Flexing Test	Maximum attenuation change ≤ 0.10dB	TIA/EIA-455-104A or IEC-60794-1-2-E6
	at 1550 nm. No cable jacket cracking or	Sheave Dia.; 20 x cable dia.
	splitting.	Number Cycles; 25
		Load; per Ťable 2, EIA/TIA-455-104A
Crush or	Manipular attainmetica alcana (0.40 ID	Test Sample ; Approx. 20 m
Crush or Compression Test	Maximum attenuation change ≤ 0.10dB	TIA/EIA-455-41A or IEC-60794-1-2-E3
Compression rest	at 1550 nm. No cable jacket cracking or splitting.	Load; 2,200 N (220N/cm) Light-armored
	Spitting.	Duration; 10 minutes
Cable Bending	Maximum attenuation change ≤ 0.10dB	Test sample ; Approx. 20 m IEC-60794-1-2-E11B
Test	at 1550 nm. And no physical damage to	Mandrel Diameter : 20 x cable outer diameter
1000	the cable.	Cycles: 10
Water Penetration	No fluid leaks through the open cable	TIA/EIA-455-82B
Test	end after 1 hour.	Fluid Pressure; 1 m static head or equivalent
1000	ond after i floar.	pressure.
		Test sample ; 3 m
		Duration; 1 hour
Temperature	Max. Attenuation change ≤ 0.10dB/km	TIA/EIA-455-3A or IEC-60794-1-2-F1
Cycling Test	at 1550 nm at operating temp. No cable	Time at Temp.; Table of EIA/TIA-455-3A.
	jacket cracking or splitting.	Temp. Range ;-40°c (±2°c)Minimum
		+70°c (±2°c)Maximum
		Number of Cycles; Not less than 1 cycle

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- 5. Cable Marking and Shipping Requirements
- 1. Sheath marking

The sheath marking is available upon customer's request. The Sheath marking shall be printed (Hot Stamp) on the outer sheath of the cable with white color in one-meter intervals.

2. Reels

- 1. The cable will be delivered at the required length on a wooden reel. The reels are designed to prevent damage to the cable during shipment and installation.
- 2. The cable shall be delivered on wooden reel in standard manufacturing length of 4,000 m. (Special length is available upon request, but the cost may be increased.)
- 3. The diameter of the barrel shall be not less than 30 times of the outer diameter of the cable.
- 4. Circumference shall be completely enclosed with wooden battens, these battens shall be secured by nails to each flange. There are metallic bands are strapped about the wooden batten to help secure the battens to the reel.
- 5. To provide access for testing, the inner end of the cable protrudes through the inside of the reel. The end is securely kept on the side of the flange to protect it during transport and storage. The length of the inner end is typically 1 meter. The cable ends are securely fastened so as not to protrude beyond any portion of the reel in an unprotected manner and to prevent the cable from becoming loose in transport.
- 2. Sealing and Cable Termination

The both end of the cable shall be sealed with a suitable rubber cap or heat shrinkable cap to prevent ingress of moisture.

4. Information Accompanying the Reel

The following information is securely attached to the reel.

- Manufacturer's Name

- Customer's Name

- Customer Order Number

Customer Part Number (if Applicable)

Kind & Size (Cable Description)

- Order Length

Outside sequential

- Inside sequential

- Drum No.

- Reel ID.

- Ship Length

- Gross Weight

- Net Weight

- Date

- END OF SPECIFICATION -

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